

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS E12A REV. 0

Variable Reluctance Speed Sensor E12A



INDUSTRIAL SPEED SENSORS

Product ID

E12A 3852-05320 113.586 Rev.1 General The E12A series variable reluctance (VR) speed sensors consist of an iron an inductive coil, and a permanent magnet. A ferrous pole wheel passing it sensor face changes the magnetic field strength, resulting in an AC voltage being induced in the coil. The frequency of the output signal is proportional speed of the moving target. The amplitude of the signal depends on speed gap, geometry of target, magnetic properties of target material, and the ele load. We sensors, also known as passive or electromagnetic sensors, do n require an external supply. Technical data Inductance @ 1 kHz: 170 mH ± 10%. Resistance: 850 Ohm ± 10%. Nagnet polarity: north pole towards front face Pole piece: diameter 2.7 mm Polarity Upon approach of ferrous metal, the signal pin is positive with respect to G Signal output The signal frequency is proportional to the target speed. The signal amplitude shown in the figure is valid for a load of 100 kOhm, at affected by air gap, target geometry and material. It is also proportional to linear speed of the teeth. Typelal support voltage (reference speed 10 mk, 109 kOhm lead) 		Type #	Product #	Drawing #	
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IN CHARGE OF SPEED

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS E12A REV. 0

pole wheel	trigger level. See figure.
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	Please contact Jaquet for further details.
Vibration & shock immunity	Jaquet Greenline sensors are approved for rough environments. Please contact Jaquet for further details.
Operating temperature	-40°C125°C
Further Information	
Safety	All mechanical installations must be carried out by an expert. General safety requirements have to be met.
Installation	The sensor has to be aligned to the pole wheel according to the sensor drawing independent of its rotational orientation. Deviations in positioning may affect the performance and decrease the noise immunity of the sensor. During installation, the smallest possible pole wheel to sensor gap should be set. The gap should however be set to prevent the face of the sensor ever touching the pole wheel. A sensor should be mounted with the middle of the face side over the middle of the pole wheel. Dependent upon the wheel width, a certain degree of axial movement is permissible. However, the middle of the sensor must be at minimum in a distance of 3 mm from the edge of the pole wheel under all operating conditions. A solid and vibration free mounting of the sensor is important. Eventual sensor vibration relative to the pole wheel can induce additional output pulses. The sensors are insensitive to oil, grease etc. and can be installed in arduous conditions.
Maintenance	Product cannot be repaired.
Transport	Product must be handled with care to prevent damage of the front face.
Storage	Product must be stored in dry conditions. The storage temperature corresponds to the operation temperature.
Disposal	Product must be disposed of properly, it must not be disposed as domestic waste.





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